

H. B. Barron Vice President, McGuire Nuclear Generation Department Duke Power Company
A Duke Energy Company

McGuire Nuclear Station

MG01VP
12700 Hagers Ferry Rd.

Huntersville, NC 28078-9340

(704) 875-4800 OFFICE (704) 875-4809 FAX

DATE:

October 6, 1997

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Document Control Desk Washington, D.C. 20555

Subject: McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1 and 2

Docket No. 50-369

Licensee Event Report 369/97-09, Revision 0
Problem Investigation Process No.: 0-M97-3255

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73 Sections (a) (1) and (d), attached is Licensee Event Report 369/97-09, Revision 0, concerning Reactor Trips on both Units caused by the loss of a non-vital electrical bus. Additionally, this report includes required information concerning plant operation prohibited by Technical Specifications due to failure to implement actions within the required time for equipment rendered inoperable during the loss of non-vital power. This report is being submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.73 (a) (2) (iv) and (i) (B). It is also the intention of McGuire Nuclear Station Management personnel to discuss this event and related actions in person with Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation (ONRR) personnel during the month of October. This event is considered to be of no significance with respect to the health and safety of the public.

Very truly yours,

H. B. Barron, Jr.

JWP/bcb

Attachment

cc: Mr. L. A. Reyes
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Region II

Atlanta Federal Center

61 Forsyth St., SW, Suite 23T85

Atlanta, GA 30323

Mr. Victor Nerses
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
Washington, D.C. 20555

Mr. Scott Shaeffer NRC Resident Inspector McGuire Nuclear Station

INPO Records Center

Atlanta, GA 30339

700 Galleria Parkway

| | IIIII | IIIII | IIII |

9710080169 971006 PDR ADDCK 05000369 bxc: B: L. Walsh (EC11C)

- M. S. Kitlan (CNS)
- G. A. Copp (EC050)
- J. I. Glenn (MG02ME)
- P. R. Herran (MG01VP)
 - L. S. Davis (MG05SE)

 - J. E. Burchfield (ONS Reg Compliance)
 - G. H. Savage (EC06E)
 - G. B. Swindlehurst (EC11-0842)
 - C. M. Misenheimer (EC08I)
- R. F. Cole (EC05N)
- R. J. Freudenberger (EC05N)
- T. G. Becker (PB02L)
- P. M. Abraham (EC08I)
- R. B. White (MG01VP)
- R. T. Bond (ON03SR)
- R. L. Bain (CN05SR)
- K. L. Crane (MG01RC)
- G. D. Gilbert (EC05N)

NSRB Support Staff (EC05N)

CATEGORY 1

REGULATORY INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (RIDS)

ACCESSION NBR:9710080169 DOC.DATE: 97/10/06 NOTARIZED: NO DOCKET # FACIL:50-369 William B. McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1, Duke Powe 05000369 AUTHOR AFFILIATION AUTH. NAME BARRON, H.B. Duke Power Co. RECIP.NAME RECIPIENT AFFILIATION Document Control Branch (Document Control Desk) SUBJECT: Forwards LER 97-009-00 re reactor trips on both units caused by loss of non-vital electrical bus. Meeting requested w/ C staff of Nuclear Reactor Regulation to discuss event. DISTRIBUTION CODE: IE22T COPIES RECEIVED:LTR ENCL TITLE: 50.73/50.9 Licensee Event Report (LER), Incident Rpt, etc. T NOTES: E RECIPIENT COPIES RECIPIENT COPIES LTTR ENCL ID CODE/NAME LTTR ENCL ID CODE/NAME PD2-2 PD 1 NERSES, V 1 INTERNAL: ACRS AEOD/SPD/RAB 2 2 R 1 1 1 AEOD/SPD/RRAB FILE CENTER 1 NRR/DE/ECGB 1 1 1 1 NRR/DE/EELB Y 1 1 NRR/DRCH/HHFB 1 1 NRR/DE/EMEB 1 1 1 1 NRR/DRCH/HICB NRR/DRCH/HOLB NRR/DRCH/HQMB 1 1 NRR/DRPM/PECB 1 1 1 1 1 1 NRR/DSSA/SPLB NRR/DSSA/SRXB 1 1 1 1 RES/DET/EIB RGN2 FILE 01 LITCO BRYCE, J H EXTERNAL: L ST LOBBY WARD 1 1 1 D NOAC POORE, W. 1 1 NOAC QUEENER, DS 1 1 NRC PDR 1 NUDOCS FULL TXT 1 1 U M E

NOTE TO ALL "RIDS" RECIPIENTS:
PLEASE HELP US TO REDUCE WASTE. TO HAVE YOUR NAME OR ORGANIZATION REMOVED FROM DISTRIBUTION LISTS
OR REDUCE THE NUMBER OF COPIES RECEIVED BY YOU OR YOUR ORGANIZATION, CONTACT THE DOCUMENT CONTROL
DESK (DCD) ON EXTENSION 415-2083

N

T

FULL TEXT CONVERSION REQUIRED
TOTAL NUMBER OF COPIES REQUIRED: LTTR 25 ENCL 25

			1																10.000 to 100 per
NRC FOR	м 366	1	7				U.S. NUC	CLEAR	REGULA	TORY CO	MMISSION				Al		OMB NO. 315 ES 04/30/96	0-0104	
	ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD																		
		LIC	ENS)EE	EVENI	KEP	'UK I	(Li	EH)				COMMEN AND REC	TS RE	GARDING MANAGEI	BURDEN ES MENT BRANC	TO INDUSTR TIMATE TO T CH (T-6 F33), I IGTON, DC 20	HE INFOR U.S. NUCL	MATION EAR
		9.										- 1	THE PAPE	ERWO	RK REDUC	CTION PROJE	ECT (3150-010 NGTON, DC 20)4), OFFIC	
	Y NAME (re Nucle		ion, l	Jnit 1											KET NUMI			GE(3)	,
TITLE (4										-					000			Of 15	•
Failure	To Com	nply Wi			To An Ed							ohibit							
	T DATE (5			LI	ER NUMBE	R (6)				RT DAT						ILITIES IN	NVOLVED		
MONTH			YEAR		SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	1	REVISIO NUMBEI		MONTH	DAY	YEAR	Unit :		ACILIT	Y NAME		0 5 0 0 0	370	
09		97	97	<u> </u>	09	1-	0		10	06	97						05000		
	ATING	▎⋰▎▔			IS SUBMITTE	D PURS	SUANT 1	TO TH	•		TS OF 10		7			he following		(h-)	
POWER	DE (9)			402(b) 405(a)(1)(i)		\vdash	\dashv	20.405(c) 50.36(c)	•		X	50.73 50.73			ŀ	73.71 73.71		
LEVEL (1	0) 100	_{1%}	_	405(a)(50.36(c)				50.73			İ		ER (<i>Spec</i>	ify in
	No.	1		405(a)(X	50.73(a)						(viii)(A)		Abstr	act below	and
			_	405(a)(-	\dashv	50.73(a)			-	_		(viii)(B)			xt, NRC F	om
	(CASSING)		20.4	405(a)(1)(v)		LICEN		50.73(a)		HIS LER	(12)	50.73	(a)(2)	(x)	l	366A	<u> </u>	
NAME							LICEN	SEE C	JONTAC	I FOR II	nio LEN	12)		T		TELEPI	HONE NUMI	BER	
J. W. Pit	esa														PROCES (704)	S CODE	875-4788		
	01/07714	Lague		¥	IPLETE ONE												050007	4815	
CAUSE X2	SYSTEM	CKTB		_	UFACTURER	то	NPRDS		<u> </u>	CAUSE	SYSTE	:M	COMPON	ENI	MANUF	ACTURER	REPORT TO NPF		
	EPF	CKIB	——	W12	:0	YES						_							
	SUPPLE	MENTAL	REPO	RT EXF	PECTED (14)										EXP	ECTED	MONTH	DAY	YEAR
	-0 // ····		/DCOT	FD 0//	DI HOCION DA				1,10							AISSION			
					BMISSION DA ximately fiftee		-enece h	X VDeWri	NO itten lines	(16)					DAI	TE (15)			
					and 2 w						er O	pera	atio	n)	at 1	oo per	rcent	powe	r.
					1 Septe														
					its we														
					compon														
					dwater														
					it 2, i														on
					Reacto														
					ed in														
					erated														
					rocess														
					tion Ou														or a
					s, exc														JI a
					ementa								acr	JII	(15)	T THILL (LS OI	30	
					e of th								o+ o=		n a d 4	to bo	hoot k		1_110
PASITI	Caus	e: 11	ie c	aus	e or tr	ie b	reak	cer	CLI	b na:	s bee	an a	erer	. III I	nea i	ro pe	neat L	JULIC	լ–սք

created by a loose cable connection on the load side of the breaker, actuating breaker thermal trip units. The cause of the loose connection is a construction/installation deficiency. A contributing factor is management deficiency due to lack of establishing adequate preventive maintenance. Failure to implement required TS actions with regard to the Pressurizer PORVs and Process Radiation Monitor is attributed to failure of Control Room personnel to recognize the need to do so. With the loss of KXA, multiple Control Room indications were lost. Due to the absence of these indications and lack of procedural direction to alert them, actions were not taken within the one hour requirement.

Corrective Action: Corrective actions include evaluation of preventative maintenance on shared vital and auxiliary control and instrumentation buses, development of procedures for plant operation during loss of instrumentation and control buses, enhancement of existing procedural guidance, and training for all licensed Operations personnel.

1	NRC FORM 368A 89)	. U.S. NUCLEAR REG	GULATORY COMMISSION(6-	APPROVED BY OMB NO. \$150-010 EXPIRES 04/30/98	04
		LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LE TEXT CONTINUATION		ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITT INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORT OF THE LICENSING POWER OF THE LICENSING POW	ORTED LESSONS PROCESS AND FED ING BURDEN AGEMENT BRANCH WASHINGTON, DC OUECT (3150-0104).
ч	FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (2)

EVALUATION:

McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1

BACKGROUND

The 125 VDC Auxiliary Control Power System (EPK) [EIIS:EI] (See Normal Alignment, page 14 of 15) provides non-safety DC control power to Unit 1 and Unit 2 equipment in the Auxiliary and Turbine Buildings and also supplies power to the Operator Aid Computer (OAC) and Auxiliary Control Power Inverters [EIIS: INVT]. The system serves as an uninterruptible power supply for non-safety related loads requiring DC power through the Battery chargers [EIIS:BYC] and batteries [EIIS:BT] or AC power through the Auxiliary Control Inverters.

PAGE (3)

2 OF 15

REVISION

NUMBER

0

SEQUENTIAL

NUMBER

09

97

The 125 VDC Auxiliary Control Power System consists of batteries CXA and CXB, battery chargers CXA, CXB, and CXS, distribution centers DCA and DCB, and molded-case circuit breakers [EIIS:72]. The design of the system provides for the manual cross connection of two distribution centers during periods of battery maintenance.

Under normal plant operating conditions each battery receives a float charge from its respective charger. Standby battery charger CXS can be placed in service for either of the two primary units, should one be out of service.

Distribution Centers DCA and DCB are provided with tie breakers which are procedurally closed during battery maintenance. When Distribution Centers DCA and DCB are cross-tied, procedure OP/0/A/6350/01B, 125 VDC-240/120 VAC Auxiliary Control Power, specifies that the Inverters which are normally powered from the distribution center that is without battery support be manually transferred to an alternate regulated AC This reduces the load on the remaining battery and chargers since only two inverters remain on the bus. Initial design calculations, performed per IEEE Standard 485-1983, necessitated this lineup based on single battery capacity during a Loss Of Offsite Power (LOOP) event. These calculations used name plate data for Bus loads, leading to over conservatism in the initial basis for alignment.

Technical Specification (TS) 3.4.4, Action d, specifies that with three Pressurizer [EIIS:PZR] Power Operated Relief Valves (PORVS) [EIIS:RV] inoperable for causes other than leakage, within 1 hour either restore at least one PORV to operable status or close and remove power from the associated block valves, be in Mode 3 (Hot Standby) within the next 6 hours, and in Mode 4 (Hot Shutdown) in the following 6 hours.

NRC	FORM	366A
001		

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION(6-

APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/96

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)
TEXT CONTINUATION

ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104),

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.								
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)			PAGE (3)	3		
		YEAR		SEQUENTIAL NUMBER		REVISION NUMBER		7
McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1	05000 369	97		09		0	3 OF 15	

TS 3.3.3.1 specifies that radiation monitoring instrumentation channels for plant operations shown in Table 3.3-6, shall be operable with their alarm setpoints within the specified limits. Table 3.3-6, Action 27, directs that with either of the Control Room air intake radioactivity high monitors (EMFs) 43A or 43B inoperable, isolate the Control Room Ventilation System outside air intake which contains the inoperable EMF within 1 hour.

DESCRIPTION OF EVENT

On September 6, 1997, prior to the event, Units 1 and 2 were in Mode 1 (Power Operation) at 100 percent power. EPK System Battery CXA had been isolated from the DCA Bus [EIIS:BU] for equalize charge following annual service testing and maintenance. Bus DCA had been cross tied to Bus DCB and, as a result, inverters 1KU and KXA were shut down with the associated Power Panel Boards (1KU and KXA) being supplied power from the regulated alternate AC source through Regulated Power Distribution Center MKA (See Pre-Trip Alignment, page 15 of 15).

At 2146:31.33, Breaker MKA-1B, Inverter KXA Manual Bypass Switch Alternate Supply, tripped. This de-energized Power Panel Board KXA.

Loss of alternate power to Power Panel Board KXA caused loss of non-vital power to a number of plant components on both Units, which, in turn, caused loss of non-safety related control and indication functions associated with those components. Also lost were the Events Recorder and data inputs to portions of the OAC.

UNIT ONE SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Time	Event
2146:31	Main Steam System [EIIS:SB] Turbine Governor Valves GV01, GV02, GV03, and GV04 closed. Valve movement to the closed position is an expected response due to the loss of KXA.
2146:36	Main Feedwater System [EIIS:SJ] Pumps [EIIS:P] A and B tripped.
	As a result, the Main Turbine tripped and the Auxiliary Feedwater System [EIIS:BA] Motor Driven Pumps A and B started as expected on loss of both CF Pumps. Also, loss of power to the manual controls for valves 1SA-48ABC and 1SA-49AB, Main Steam from Steam Generators C and B to the Turbine Driven

89)		APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/96					
LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION			ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.				
FACILITY NAME (1) DO	OCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6) PAGE (3)					
		YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER			
McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1 05	5000 369	97	09	0 .	4 OF 15		

Auxiliary Feedwater Pump, respectively, caused the valves to fail open and start the Unit 1 Turbine Driven Auxiliary Feedwater Pump. Indication for valves 1SA-48ABC and 1SA-49AB was lost as a result of loss of KXA. Turbine speed indication was also lost. These two primary indications provide Operations personnel with indication that the Turbine Driven Auxiliary Feedwater Pump is running. The loss of these indications contributed to the failure of Operations personnel to recognize the Turbine Driven Auxiliary Feedwater Pump start.

The Main Reactor [EIIS:RCT] Trip Breakers opened as expected on a Turbine trip at 100 percent power.

2146:37

Containment Ventilation Isolation occurred due to loss of power causing EMFs 38, 39, and 40, Containment Radiation Monitors, control relaying to fail to the fail safe state. This resulted in the isolation of the Containment Air Release And Addition System [EIIS:BF], which is used for operational Containment pressure control.

Containment Narrow Range pressure indicated an increase to a peak pressure of 0.22 psig due to loss of ventilation. Train B pressure indication continued to function properly during this time to provide computer indication. No containment systems were challenged as a result.

2146:37 to 2146:44

The Main Steam System Code Safety Valves each cycled once. Maximum steam pressure reached 1199 psig.

2146:41

A Main Feedwater System Isolation occurred due to low T-AVE coincident with Reactor trip.

2146:39 to 2257:09

The Main Steam System PORVs each cycled multiple times in automatic and manual.

2146:38

Reactor Coolant System [EIIS:AB] pressure reached 2366 psig. The pressure setpoints for the Pressurizer Code Safety Valves were never reached; therefore, the valves were never challenged.

The no-load value for Reactor Coolant System temperature and the no-load Steam Generator pressure recovered to 557 degrees F and 1092 psig,

NRC FORM 366A 89)	U.S. NUCLEAR R	EGULATORY COMMISSION(6-	APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-010 EXPIRES 04/30/98	И
	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (L TEXT CONTINUATION	ER)	ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITI INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORT LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PORT OF THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAY (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, VOSSS-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROOFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON	ORTED LESSONS ROCESS AND FED NG BURDEN NGEMENT BRANCH VASHINGTON, DC DJECT (3150-0104),
FACILITY NAME	1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)

respectively, within approximately 30 minutes following the trip. Generator Narrow Range level and Pressurizer level recovered to 45 percent (both) within 30 minutes following the trip. The normal no-load levels of 39 percent and 25 percent, respectively, were not recovered until several hours following the trip.

05000 369

SEQUENTIAL NUMBER

09

97

NUMBER

0

5 OF 15

UNIT TWO SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1

Time	Event
2146:39	All four Main Steam System Isolation Valves (MSIVs) closed. Reactor Coolant System pressure began rising due to loss of heat removal with the Pressurizer PORVs not available in automatic due to the loss of KXA.
2146:43	The Reactor Trip Breakers opened due to exceeding the high Pressurizer pressure setpoint of 2385 psig (Peak pressure reached was 2407 psig). The pressure setpoints for the Pressurizer Code Safety Valves was never reached; therefore, the valves were never challenged.
2146:44	The Main Turbine tripped as expected on a Reactor Trip.
2146:45	The Steam Generator Code Safety Valves and PORVs lifted to relieve steam pressure.
2147:02	The Steam Generator Code Safety Valves reseated. The Steam Generator PORVs continued to cycle to control steam pressure until approximately 2300.
2148:21	A Main Feedwater System Isolation occurred due to low T-AVE coincident with a Reactor Trip.
2200:21	Operations personnel manually started the Turbine Driven Auxiliary Feedwater Pump to maintain Steam Generator levels.

Steam Generator pressure was not stabilized on Unit 2 until the MSIVs were re-opened at approximately 0100, on September 7, 1997. The Steam Generator levels were comparable and relatively stable (+ or - 5 percent) within approximately 90 minutes following the trip. Pressurizer level was trending toward no-load value within 30 minutes

NRC FORM 386A 89)				APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/08					
LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION			INFORMA' LEARNED BACK TO I ESTIMATE (T-6 F33), 20555-000	TION ARE INDU: TO 1 U.S. N	COLLECTION REGINCORPORATED STRY. FORWARD THE INFORMATION OF THE PAPER	QUES INTO COM N AN ATOF	ST: 50.0 HRS. REP THE LICENSING F MMENTS REGARDI D RECORDS MANA RY COMMISSION, V	PROCESS AND FED NG BURDEN NGEMENT BRANCH VASHINGTON, DC OJECT (3150-0104),	
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6) PAGE (3)						
			YEAR		SEQUENTIAL NUMBER		REVISION NUMBER		
McGuire Nuc	cGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1 05000 369				09		0	6 OF 15	

following the trip, but was not totally stable until the MSIVs were reopened. T-AVE was stable within 30 minutes following the trip.

ADDITIONAL EFFECTS OF THE LOSS OF KXA

- 1. Normal and Excess Letdown flow capabilities were lost for Unit 1.
 - With the loss of ability to establish Normal or Excess Letdown there was concern about Reactor Coolant System inventory increasing and eventually filling the Pressurizer. The Pressurizer PORVs were manually operable if needed.
- 2. Reactor Coolant System makeup control was taken from the automatic to the manual condition due to loss of automatic makeup control.
 - Without makeup to the Volume Control Tank and without Letdown, level would decrease, requiring automatic or manual swap-over of the supply to the Centrifugal Charging Pumps from the Volume Control Tank to the Refueling Water Storage Tank. These functions were available.
- 3. Power was lost to the non-safety solenoid valves associated with the recirculation valves for all three Unit 1 Auxiliary Feedwater System Pumps.
 - The loss of power caused the recirculation valves to fail to the closed position (as designed), which closed the minimum flow (recirculation) path for the Auxiliary Feedwater Pumps. As feedwater flow requirements decreased Auxiliary Feedwater flow was throttled back. As a result the Unit 1 Auxiliary Feedwater Pumps were run without full minimum flow protection for a period of from 20 to 60 minutes. Loss of indication for recirculation valves 1CA-0020AB, 1CA-0027A, and 1CA-0032B, due to loss of KXA, contributed to failure of Operations personnel to realize that the valves had gone closed. Additionally, no procedural guidance existed to prompt Operations personnel that these valves fail to the closed position on loss of power. Manufacturer's recommended minimum flow is 100 gpm for the Motor Driven Pumps, and 200 gpm for the Turbine Driven Pump. been determined that the flow with the discharge flow control valves and recirculation valves closed was reduced to approximately 10 to 12 gpm for the time period in question. These flow estimates are based on known data from tests performed on the recirculation valves each outage. similar valve designs, the flow control valves are assumed to

NRC FORM 366A 89)	U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION(6)	APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/98
	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION	ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.
FACILITY NAME (1) DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6) PAGE (3)
ľ		YEAR SEQUENTIAL REVISION

McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1

pass flow as well. Operability of the Auxiliary Feedwater Pumps has been subsequently confirmed through performance testing and analysis. The ability of the Auxiliary Feedwater Pumps to supply water to the Steam Generators was not affected.

7 OF 15

- 4. At 2146:37, a Unit 2 Containment Ventilation Isolation occurred due to loss of indication from Containment Radiation Monitors, EMFs 38, 39, and 40.
 - Containment isolation defeats the Containment Air Release and Addition System, which is used to maintain internal Containment pressures within limits. Containment pressure increased as a result, and Containment Narrow Range pressure indicated a peak pressure of 0.21 psig. Operational pressure limits assure safety analysis initial conditions for design basis accidents are met. The accidents assume full power initial conditions. This is not a concern with the Unit in Mode 3 (Hot Standby).
- 5. Power was lost to the circuitry providing the automatic function for the Pressurizer PORVs on both Units.
 - The manual function for these valves was available from the Main Control Board if it had been needed.
- 6. Power was lost to 2 of the 4 bays of Process Radiation Monitors on both units. The Radiation Monitors having control functions went to the fail safe position as designed, which initiated control actions to terminate any associated releases.
 - Both units remained in compliance with required Technical Specification Action requirements for inoperable radiation monitors, except for response to loss of EMF 43A, Control Room Air Intake Radioactivity High Monitor, which is shared by both units. The expected radiation monitor control actions did occur with the loss of control power, including the Containment Ventilation Isolation.
 - A number of Selected Licensee Commitments (SLC) related liquid and gaseous effluent radiation monitors were inoperable during this event, and the proper control signals to close discharge valves were generated as a result. Plant response to loss of radiation monitors is to terminate any releases associated with the affected monitor until sampling or other previously defined measures are put in place, or to initiate sampling at a specified intervals until monitoring is restored. Accident

NRC	FORM	366A
60/		

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION(6-

APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/98

ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104),

LICENSEE	EVENT	REPO)RT ((LER)
TEXT	CONTI	NUAT	ION	

		OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BODGET, WASHINGTON, DA			, DC 2000.			
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)		LER NUMBER (6)				PAGE (3)	
FACILITY HAME (1)		YEAR		SEQUENTIAL NUMBER		REVISION NUMBER		
McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1	05000 369	97	18	09		0	8 OF 1	5

monitors are used in emergency procedures to aid in determining appropriate recommendations for accident response. Emergency procedures have built in alternative measurements and calculations to conservatively measure accident releases should accident monitors be lost. No radiological gas or liquid releases were being performed during the loss of KXA, thus no automatic control actions actually occurred.

- 7. Some Fire Detection System [EIIS:IC] indications were lost on both Units.
 - Several fire detection zones became inoperable on loss of power. SLC 16.9-6.b requires a fire watch patrol be established within one hour for SLC Fire Detection Zones which become inoperable. Because of the loss of indication, the need to establish the required fire watch patrols was not recognized. Although monitoring capability for these zones was lost during this time, inoperability of the detectors in question did not affect the operability of any equipment required to mitigate the consequences of this event. Station procedures govern the performance of any specific work involving ignition sources, and a separate fire watch is required to be in place during performance of those activities.

At 2249, 62.5 minutes after the loss, Operations personnel re-closed Breaker MKA-1B, restoring power to KXA. After power was restored, all plant parameters quickly returned to nominal no-load values.

Notifications were made to the NRC with regard to the trip of both units (September 6, 1997, at 2311) and loss of the automatic function for the Pressurizer PORVs (September 9, 1997, at 1559) as directed by procedure RP/0/A/5700/010, NRC Immediate Notification Requirements. No notification was required due to loss of indication from EMF 43A.

CONCLUSION

This event did not result in any uncontrolled releases of radioactive material, personnel injuries, or radiation overexposures. This event would have been Nuclear Plant Reliability Data System (NPRDS) reportable due to equipment failure associated with Breaker MKA-1B; however, NPRDS no longer exists. The failure will be reported through the Equipment Performance Information Exchange (EPIX).

NRC FORM 366A

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION(6-

APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/98

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.

	OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.					
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)			
•		YEAR SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER			
McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1	05000 369	97 📳 09	0	9 OF 15		

The cause of the dual Reactor trips is attributed to loss of the regulated non-vital power supply from Power Panel Board KXA due to an equipment failure which caused Breaker MKA-1B to trip.

The breaker trip has been determined to be an equipment failure due to heat build-up created by a loose cable connection on the load side of the breaker. This heat build-up actuated the breaker thermal trip units. The cause of the loose connection has been determined to be a construction/installation deficiency. This is based on expectation that the connection should have been torqued per manufacturer's recommended values during initial installation. Although no preventive maintenance checks to verify torque had been performed, the corresponding connection on the same breaker, which would have been subjected to the same environment and stresses, was found to be tight. Also, all remaining connections on Non-vital Buses MKA and MKB were checked for correct torque and found to be tight. Therefore, it has been determined that the correct torque was not applied to this connection during initial installation.

A contributing cause is management deficiency due to lack of preventive maintenance for this equipment. No preventive maintenance had been established for the 125 VDC Auxiliary Control Power System Bus or associated breakers due to management concerns with regard to the inability to shut-down the equipment because of its effect on both Units, as well as performing maintenance on the equipment on-line for personnel safety reasons.

Failure to implement required TS and SLC actions for the Pressurizer PORVs, Process Radiation Monitor, and Fire Zones is attributed to the lack of procedures, training, or indications leading to failure of Control Room personnel to recognize the need to do so.

With the loss of KXA, multiple Control Room indications were lost. Due to the absence of indications and lack of procedural direction to alert the operators, required actions were not taken within the one hour requirement as specified by TS and SLC for loss of the automatic function for the Pressurizer PORVs, loss of EMF 43A alarm functions, and loss of alarm indication for several SLC Fire Zones. Although these required actions were not performed, the overall Operator response to mitigate the transient created by the dual unit trip was appropriate.

Review of the Operating Experience Program (OEP) and Problem Investigation Process (PIP) data bases for the past 24 months revealed no reportable events involving loss of non-vital systems or equipment failures involving similar equipment. However, OEP data recorded a similar event which occurred on September 6, 1987. That event was

NRC FORM 366A 89)	U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION	6- APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/98
LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION		ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2) LER NUMBER (6) PAGE (3)
	l l	VEAR SECUENTIAL REVISION

reported under LER 370/87-16, Revision 1, and involved a trip of Unit 2 due to loss of power to Power Panel Board KXB, resulting from an overcurrent fault in an instrument air compressor motor. Unit 1 was already shut down at the time of that event. Corrective actions from that event concentrated on prevention of recurrence of similar motor faults and did not address the need or risk of being in the alternate alignment. Therefore, no corrective actions from that event were taken which would have prevented the occurrence of this event.

NUMBER

09

NUMBER

0

10 OF 15

It has been determined as a result of the analysis of this event that it is preferable to be aligned to the Inverter rather than the alternate source during equalize charge of either battery CXA or CXB. However, to achieve this a modification is necessary to alter interlocks on the Battery Inverters.

This event is considered to be recurring.

CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

IMMEDIATE:

McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1

- 1. Breaker MKA-1B was re-closed and KXA was restored to service.
- 2. Breaker MKA-1B was replaced and the cable connection repaired.
- 3. Enclosures 4.9, 4.10, and 4.11, which provide guidance in Operations procedure OP/0/A/6350/01B for placing Batteries CXA and CXB on or removing from equalization charge, were deleted to prevent placing the 125 VDC Auxiliary Control Power System in a similar alignment until evaluation of the event could be completed.
- 4. Associated cable connections on Non-vital Buses MKA and MKB were checked for correct torque.

SUBSEQUENT:

- 1. A team was formed to evaluate the circumstances surrounding the KXA failure, to include an analysis of possible effects, response to the event, and recommendations for corrective actions.
- 2. Procedures AP/1 and 2/A/5500/05, Loss of Auxiliary Feedwater Recirculation Capability, were developed to address concerns as a result of the closure of Auxiliary Feedwater Recirculation valves on loss of KXA or KXB.

NRC FORM 366A 89)			APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/98					
LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION		ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.						
FACILITY NAME (1) DOCKET NU		DOCKET NUMBER (2)			LER NUMBER	₹ (6)		PAGE (3)
McGuire Nuc	lear Station, Unit 1	05000 369	YEAR 97		SEQUENTIAL NUMBER		REVISION NUMBER	11 OF 15

 The procedures provide guidance to Operations personnel, reducing the possibility of operating the Auxiliary Feedwater Pumps with less than the required minimum flow during loss of recirculation valve control.

0 | 11 OF 15 |

- 3. Calculations were performed that would allow all four Inverters powered from Distribution Centers DCA and DCB to remain loaded on the remaining battery and charger with one battery out of service.
 - The calculation reduces the over conservatism of using nameplate load data as in the initial design, and uses actual load data with a margin. This allows a preferred alignment to the Inverter rather than the alternate source during equalize charge of either battery CXA or CXB.

PLANNED:

- 1. A modification will be implemented to alter interlocks on the nonvital inverters, and operating procedures will be revised, allowing them to remain powered during periods when one battery is removed from service.
- 2. A formal re-evaluation will be performed to establish an effective preventative maintenance program on shared vital and auxiliary control and instrumentation buses.
- 3. Procedures for plant operation during loss of shared vital and auxiliary control and instrumentation buses will be developed. Direction will be included for required Operator actions associated with EMFs 43A and 43B.
 - These procedures will provide guidance to operators on the symptoms of the loss of a bus, the effects of the loss of power to each load on the bus, and the actions to mitigate the loss of these loads.
- 4. The annunciator response procedures will be enhanced to provide Operations personnel with appropriate information concerning operability of the Pressurizer PORVs based on the power loss, and the loss of bus procedures being developed will include guidance with regard to compliance with TS and SLC action statements.
- 5. This event will be covered as a part of required training for all licensed Operations personnel.

NRC FORM 366A 89)	U.S. NUCLEAR RE	GULATORY COMMISSION(6-	(6- APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/98			
	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION		ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WIT INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPLEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING FRACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MAN. (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, V. 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON	ORTED LESSONS PROCESS AND FED ING BURDEN AGEMENT BRANCH WASHINGTON, DC OJECT (3150-0104),		
FACILITY NAME (1)		DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)		
			YEAR SEQUENTIAL REVISION			

12 OF 15

SAFETY ANALYSIS:

McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1

Based on this analysis, this event is not considered to be significant. At no time were the safety or health of the public or plant personnel affected as a result of the event.

The Pressurizer and the Steam Generator Code Safety Relief Valves are sized to protect the Reactor Coolant System and the Steam Generators against over pressure for all Main Steam load losses without assuming the operation of the steam dump system, Pressurizer Spray, Pressurizer PORVs, or Automatic Rod Control.

During this event, Pressurizer pressure increased due to closure of the Main Turbine Governor Valves (for Unit 1) and closure of the MSIVs (for Unit 2). The Pressurizer PORV automatic function was unavailable due to the loss of Auxiliary Control power. However, further primary system pressure increase was terminated for Unit 1 and 2 as the respective Reactors tripped. No Unit 1 or 2 Pressurizer Code Safety valves were challenged during the event.

As previously stated, although the automatic open function of the Pressurizer PORVs was not available, manual control was available and Operator action, in accordance with applicable procedures, could have been taken if necessary to open the valves.

The loss of a portion of Auxiliary Control power also caused the unavailability of the Condenser and Atmospheric Steam Dump Valves. The Steam Generator PORVs and Main Steam Code Safety valves for each unit functioned as needed to control steam pressure. The dump valves became available 62.5 minutes after the trip when control power was restored.

During the event, feedwater flow to the Steam Generators was maintained by the Auxiliary Feedwater system, ensuring adequate residual and decay heat removal.

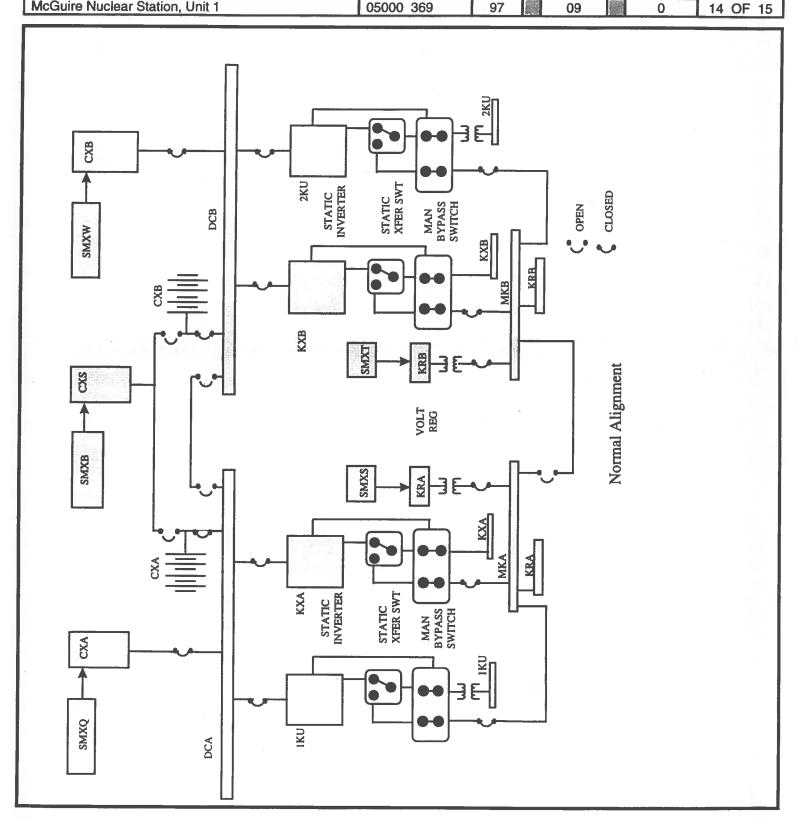
Failure to close a Control Room Ventilation System Outside Air Intake during a Design Basis Accident is bounded by the assumptions of the Control Room Dose Analysis. Therefore, the loss of indication for EMF 43A was not safety significant.

In summary, the units experienced conditions that have been analyzed in Final Safety Analysis report (FSAR) Section 15.2.3, Turbine Trip, or in the Control Room Dose Analysis. Emergency core cooling and emergency

ř	NRC FORM 366A	U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION(6-			APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/98				
	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION		INFORMA LEARNED BACK TO ESTIMATI (T-6 F33), 20555-000	TION COLLECTION RE ARE INCORPORATED INDUSTRY. FORWAR E TO THE INFORMATION. U.S. NUCLEAR REGUL II. AND TO THE PAPEL	PONSE TO COMPLY WI EQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REI D INTO THE LICENSING D COMMENTS REGARE D COMMESTS MAN LATORY COMMISSION, RWORK REDUCTION PI D BUDGET, WASHINGTO	PORTED LESSONS PROCESS AND FED NING BURDEN LAGEMENT BRANCH WASHINGTON, DC ROJECT (3150-0104).			
		40	DOCKET NUMBER (2)		LER NUMBE		PAGE (3)		
The second second	FACILITY NAME (1		05000 369	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	13 OF 15		

McGuire Nuclear Station, Unit 1

power were not required and were not actuated. The Dual Unit Reactor Trip involved additional Operator actions and attention not required by a conventional Single Unit Reactor Trip. However, all safety systems required for maintaining Reactor Core and Containment protection remained fully available.



NRC FORM 366A APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION(6-**EXPIRES 04/30/98** ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS MANDATORY INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. REPORTED LESSONS **LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)** LEARNED ARE INCORPORATED INTO THE LICENSING PROCESS AND FED BACK TO INDUSTRY. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN **TEXT CONTINUATION** ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (T-6 F33), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503. FACILITY NAME (1) LER NUMBER (6) **DOCKET NUMBER (2)** PAGE (3) SEQUENTIAL REVISION

